Innovative management of a large herbivore (European bison) in the Zuid-Kennemerland National Park (North Holland)

Sustainable management of a protected area & preservation of a vulnerable species



Giulia Variara





European bison: from forest to semi-open dune ecosystem

- Exterminated in the wild in 1927
- Reintroduced in 1952 in Poland
- Listed as 'Vulnerable' on the IUCN Red

List

- Bison traditionally seen as forest specialist
- Recent studies → bison prefer more open habitat







2007: European bison in North Holland



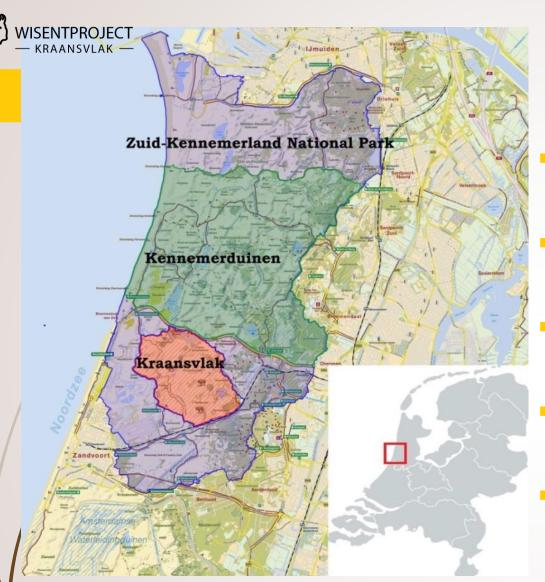


Figure: A geographical map of National Park Zuid-Kennemerland. Kraansvlak is indicated by the red colour. (Source: Tump 2016).

The Kraansvlak area

- More than 300 hectares
- Historically been used as private hunting ground
- Not open for the public until recently
- Haarlem 8 Km ca. & Amsterdam 30 km ca.
- Semi-open dune landscape (55% grassland, 25% shrubland, 15% forest and 5% open sand)

Overgrown shrubs and forest, high and dense grassland



2007: Why the European bison in the NL?

- European bison as a management tool: grazer in over vegetated landscape
- Comparison with other grazers: the bison are roaming together with Highland cattle (Bos taurus) and Konik horses (Equus ferus caballus)
- Contribution to the conservation of European bison and to the creation of metapopulation
- No other studies on the E. bison not winter fed and in a not forestdominated areas: innovative management in Kraansvlak



International visibility

- International cooperation for conservation of the species, contribution to EBCC in Poland
- (Semi)wild European bison in the Netherlands
- Translocation of the bison to other reintroduction projects also abroad
- International awareness on the European bison conservation



Contribution to the Rewilding Europe Network







Why the Kraansvlak project is unique?

The project combines together:

- Innovative management of European bison
 - Conservation purposes
- Scientific research in a completely new ecosystem
- Sustainable management of a natural area (grazers as management tools instead of mowing)

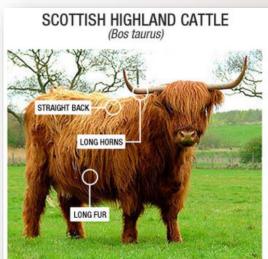
While meeting the needs of visitors in an area characterized by high touristic pressure



Communication

What to communicate

- The presence of the European bison in the Kraansvlak nature area
- What is the European bison
- How to see it
- How to behave when encountering the herd
- The difference between the bison and highland cattle



	MALE	FEMALE
WEIGHT	700 KG (600-800 KG)	470 KG (420-520 KG)
WITHERS HEIGHT	122CM (115-130 CM)	117CM (110-125 CM)
COLOUR	RED, BLONDE, BLACK, WHITE, GRAYIS	



	MALE	FEMALE
WEIGHT	634 KG (436-840 KG)	424 KG (340-540 KG)
WITHERS HEIGHT	172 CM (158-188 CM)	152CM (134-167 CM)
COLOUR	FAWNY BROWN, DARKER BROWN	



Communication

How to communicate

- Visitor's centre (information and excursions)
- 3D-animation 'the virtual world of the wisent'
- The website http://www.wisenten.nl/nl
- Movie "Een nieuwe kennismaking met wisenten"
 (http://www.wisenten.nl/nl/nieuws/2013/wisentenfilm-nu-volledig-online)
- (Social) media



- Articles in newspapers and magazines
- Great) pictures
- Brochure

Wisenten veroveren Nederland

Wegens succes geprolongeerd en uitgebreid: straks lopen er op drie plekken in Nederland wisenten.







Język obcy w 3 proste techniki do nauki

Geographical

Written by Yvonne Kemp Published in Wildlife

Bison - back in business

Wintertellinger

HOME PEOPLE PLACES NATURE GEOPOLITICS UK OPINIONS REVIEWS

kastanjebruin wordt. De zomerva

Q A

● HOME
 ● ABONNEMENTEN
 ● FOTO
 ● VIDEO
 ● BLOG
 ● ROUTES
 ● SHOP

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Bestel nu het inspirerende boek voor beginnende natuurfotografen. Met heel veel tips en prachtige inspiratiefoto's. "Je krijgt direct zin om naar buiten te gaan met je camera." Klik hier om te bestellen

Żubr wychodzi z lasu



NAJCZĘŚCIEJ CZYTANE



wnęki w piramidzie Cheopsa. To może być ukryta galeria albo komora



Rosja obniży jakość ropy naftowej dla Polski. Ale namy już konkurencyjną



Jennifer Lawrence, masz już cały film". To nie tylko







Sign Up

t de kudde uit 22 dieren. Roots-lezers kunnen ze zien





Gender Inequality in the European





raansvlak bij het Noord-Hollandse Overveen zes





WANDELEN IN HET KUINDERBOS

Roads

From visitor center 'De Kennemerduinen' (entrance Koevlak), a marked walking route leads to the observation point of the bison area. You find the center at Zeeweg 12, 2051 EC Overveen.

The bison trail can be reached from the following entrances of the N.P Zuid-Kennemerland: Duinpieperpad, Noordduinen, Kieftenvlak and Wurmenveld.

Project partners:



The bison project has been made possible through support from:















The brochure for the visitors

at the typical fauna and flora become endangered t lost. Open dunes are internationally important ed in Europe, an unique landscape that should be The expectation is that bison, in combination with rs, stop and decrease vegetation encroachment ack opened landscapes. Bison feed on grasses, and shrubs. They debark even full-grown trees barks from trunks. Besides, bison love taking sand h enable the wind to blow the loose sand again. European bison behaviour plays an unique role vstem, with a different impact on it than horses, its or other grazers.



start of the project in 2007, research on bison aking place in Kraansvlak. The animals live under ditions and no supplementary feeding is offered e of the year. Studies on foraging behaviour, vegetation and landscape, habitat use, social interaction with other animal species, as well as

with humans, and public perception are the main focus of

In 2012, the pilot was evaluated and a report covering the five years of experience became available (in Dutch at www. wisenten.nl). The results of the diverse studies may be of interest to managers of other natural areas in order to gain knowledge and experience about this emblematic and protected species and its important role in the ecosystem when living under natural conditions.

Welcome to visit

Thanks to the use of GPS collars, anyone can check the position of the herd in the project website and consider the chance to see the animals.

Close to the main drinking spot is the observation point, bison are



often seen here, especially during warm days. Along most part of the perimeter of Kraansvlak there are public walkingand biking paths from which the bison are frequently spotted by recreants of the National Park. Uniquely for areas in which bison live, there is the bison trail: a free-access walking route through the western part of the bison area (check our website for opening periods). This route offers to visitors the chance to see European bison roaming freely through the dunes. An unforgettable experience!

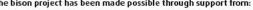
Besides, guided excursions are offered for groups and photographers. Get to know all about bison with an experienced forester. Availability, prices and booking of excursions can be checked via www.np-zuidkennemerland.nl.

Guide lines:

- . The bison area is a restricted access terrain except for the bison trail outside of the breeding season.
- · Please stay on the bison trail.
- . Keep at least 50 meters distance with the animals.
- Do not feed animals.
- · Let the animals choose their way freely and give them space. Do not approach or walk behind them.
- Turn around and walk back when the animals are on the trail or walk towards you.
- Keep larger distance from calves, all large grazers protect their young.

Stay updated!

We offer up to date information via: www.wisenten.nl www.facebook.com/wisentenkraansvlak www.twitter.com/Wisenten











More natural sand dunes

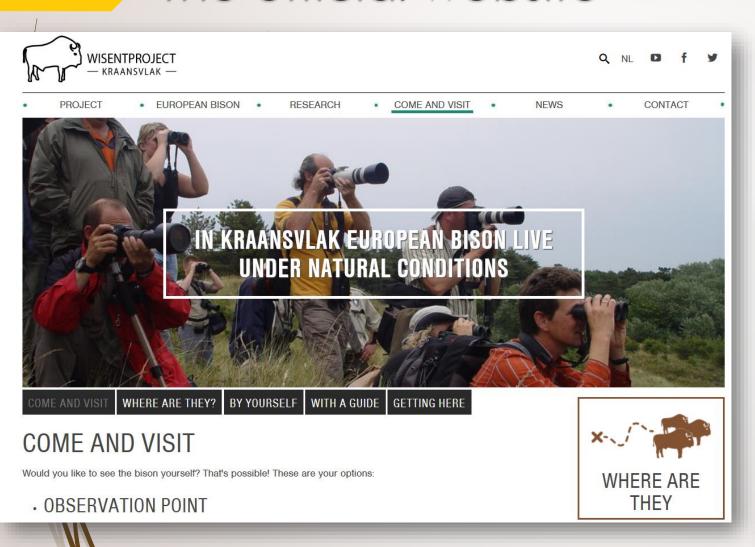
Due to different factors, the dunes started to become overgrown by grasses and shrubs, turning dynamic open dunes into thickly covered fixed dunes. This brings along changes to such

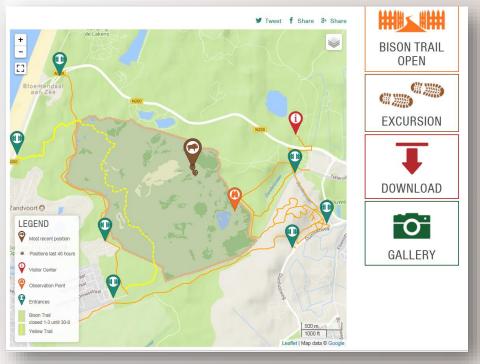






The official website

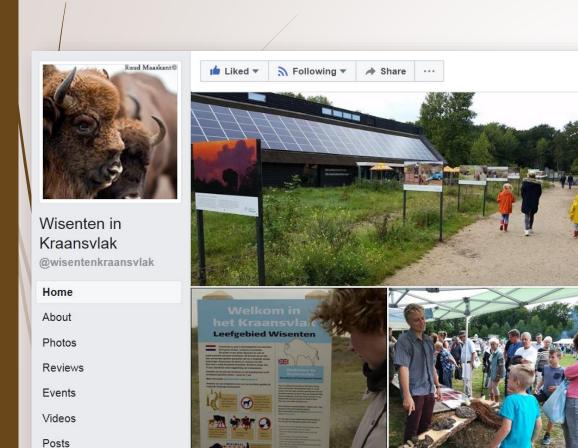


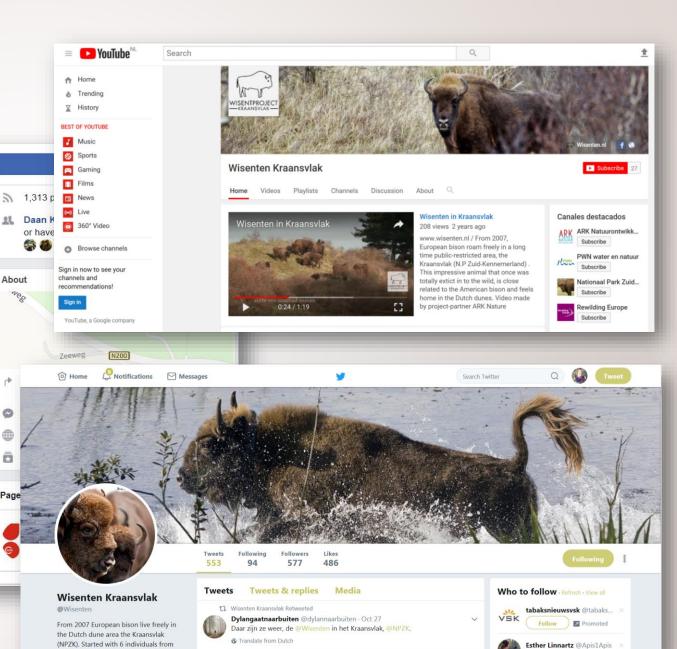




Community







Poland, the herd grows every year from





Public interest and response

- Positive public opinion to the presence of the European bison in the dunes
- Biggest herbivore in EU roaming in the Netherlands
- Bison path open since 2012: + >19.000 visitors so far
- (Horseback) guided excursions often fully booked
- Strong recreational interest
- Interest at national (and international) level





Conclusion

Management of a natural area

The Kraansvlak project

Conservation purpose

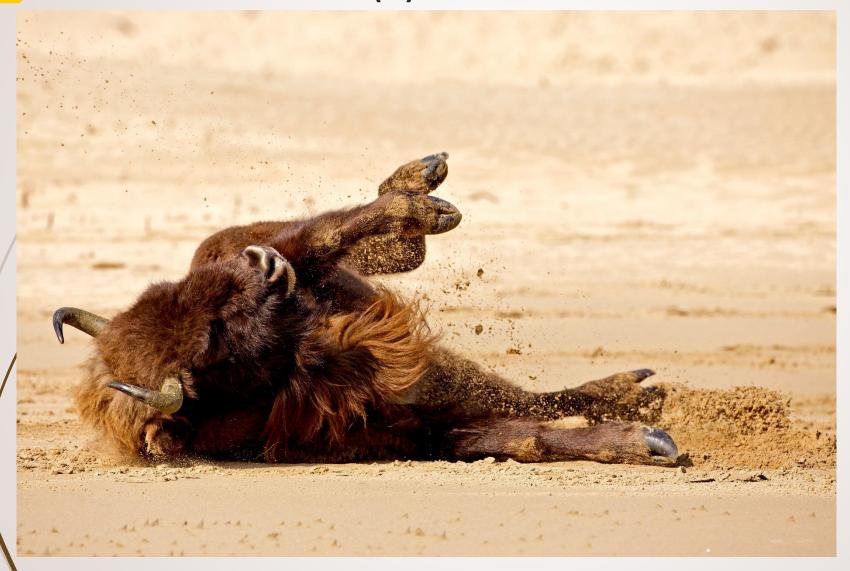
Recreational interest

- Conservation of a wild vulnerable species combined with educational aspect CAN BE A WIN-WIN STRATEGY
- Sustainable management in the Kraansvlak area: biodiversity protection and recreational use of the landscape
- European bison is thriving in the Dutch dunes and visitors have the possibility to admire this majestic animal





Question(s)?



Photos: Ruud Maaskant

Partners:

